HE PLAYED MANY PARTS.

The Eventful Career of Gen. William S. Rosecrans.

As a Soldier He Received Much Praise and Some Censure, as a Man He Always Enjoyed the Confidence of His Friends.

Maj. Gen. William Starke Rosecrans is one of the few remaining central figsures of the civil war. Recent reports from his home in California indicate that his health is gradually failing, although there is no danger of a sudden collapse. His career during and after the war has thus been summarized:

Gen. Rosecrans was born in Kingston, O., September 6, 1819; graduated at West Point, 1842; was assistant professor of engineering and natural and experimental philosophy in the military academy 1843-'47; engaged in the con-struction of fortifications until 1854, when he resigned from the army and established himself in Cincinnati, O., as civil engineer and architect; was president of a coal company in Virginia, 1855-'57, and engaged in the manufac-ture of kerosene in Cincinnati, 1857-'61. In the early days of the civil war, as wolunteer aide to Gen. McClellan, then in command of the department of the Ohio, he served in organizing state troops; was appointed colonel and chief engineer of Ohio June 9, and colonel of Twenty-thi d Ohio volunteers June 10, 1861; commissioned brigadier general in the regular army, and in the West Virginia campaign commanded a brigade at Rich Mountain July 11, and July 21 succeeded to the command of the department of the Ohio, and of the department of West Virginia September. 1861; was appointed major general of volunteers March, 1862. In May he commanded a division of the Army of the Mississippi at the siege of Corinth. Succeeding to the command of that army in June, he fought the battles of Iuka (September 19) and Corinth (Octo-Der 3 and 4).

He was transferred to the command of the Army of the Cumberland October



GEN. WILLIAM S. ROSECRANS.

27, and the battle of Murfreesboro was fought December 31, 1862-Janury 3, 1863. Advancing on Tullahoma June 24, he occupied Bridgeport and Stevenson July 24; crossed the Cumberland mountains, and September 19-20 fought the battle of Chickamauga, where, defeated and falling back on Chattanooga, he was relieved October 30, 1863. He was placed in command of the department of the Missouri January, 1864; repelled the invasion of Missouri by Price; was mustered out of the volunteer service in 1866; again resigned from the army in 1867; was for a short time 1868-69 United States minister to Mexico, after which he became a resident of San Rafael, Cal. He was in Mexico in 1871-73, engaged in an unsuccessful effort to negotiate the construction of a system of narrow gauge railways, at the instance of President Juarez.

In 1876 the general declined the demoeratic nomination for congress from Nevada; but was later elected as a democrat to congress from California, serving from 1881 to 1685. In June, 4885 he was appointed register of the United States treasury. Since his retirement from public office, the venerable soldier has lived quietly in California.

The Only Way.

Brownstone-How have you managed to keep your cook such a long time? Flattehouse-We take all our meals in a restaurant.-Brooklen Life

Constipation. & Biliousness

Cause

Sick-headache, Pains in the back, Sallow complexion, Loss of appetite and Exhaustion.

There is only one cure, which is

TONIC PELLETS

One Pink Pill touches the liver and

removes the bile. One Tonic Pellet nightly, acts as a gentle laxative in keeping the bowels open estores the digestive organs, tones nervous system and makes new good. Complete treatment, two

2 catise and sample free at any store. BROWN MPG. CO., New York.

me cines, one price, 25c.

For sale by all druggists in Hopkineville.

GLASS TALL

CHARACTER OF ISABELLA.

The Beautiful Consort of Ferdinand Who

Helped Columbus. Isabella was a lady, she was a queen, and, above all she was an autocrat. Gracious and gentle in her manner, says R. Ulick Burke's "A History of Spain," she brooked no opposition from prince or peer, and she soon made it known and felt throughout Spain that, although she was the daughter of John II. and the sister of Henry IV., her will was law in Castile. Beautiful, virtuous, discreet, with that highest expression of proud dignity that is seen in a peculiar simplicity of manner, with a hard heart and a fair coutenance, an inflexible will, and a mild mannersomething of a formalist, more of a bigot-Isabella united much that was characteristic of old Castile with not a little that was characteristic of new Spain. And if her boldness was inherited from the Cid, her bigotry was

bequeathed to Philip IL

No man can read the history of the times without being struck by the enormous personal influence of Isabella.
An accomplished horsewoman, a tireless traveler, indefatigable in her attention to business of state, the queen with her court moved about from place to place, swift to punish crime and to encourage virtue, boldly composing the differences and compelling the submission of rival nobles, frowning upon the laxity of the clergy, denouncing the heresy of the people and laying a heavy hand upon enemies of every degree and evildoers of every class. In Andalusia the unaccustomed and unexpected presence of the sovereign was everywhere productive of peace and order. Even in the remotest districts of Galicia the royal power was felt. Over fifty fortresses, the stronghold of knightly robbers, were razed to the ground, and one thousand five hundred noble highwaymen were forced to fly the kingdom.

COTTON MILLS IN JAPAN. The Industry thas Grown Rapidly in the Mikado's Realm.

Cotton manufacturing in Japan is the growth of the last fifteen years. Not a cotton mill, with one exception, of those now in operation was in operation prior to 1880, says the Industrial Record. There is now running in Kagoshima a mill of 3,030 spindles that has been in operation since 1805. In 1880 and 1881 an era of cotton manufacturing was inaugurated by the erection of 14,000 to 15,000 spind'e mills. In 1889 a 61,200-spindle mill was put up at Osaka. The mill is the largest ever erected in Japan. There are two 80,000spindles, one at Tokio and the other at Osaka. The latter location is the principal manufacturing center in the empire. Nearly, if not fully, one-half of the cotton spindles are to be found there. The cotton mills at Osaka are reported as paying average annual dividends of 18 per cent., the highest having been 28 per cent. and the lowest 2 per cens, Not more than about ten years ago the people depended almost wholly upon foreign products of factory-made cotton fabrics, while now not over a fourth of this demand comes from forsign sources. The Cotton Spinners' association of Japan is the most reliable source of information, and that placed the number of spindles in 1894 at 385,965. yet the Yokohama chamber of commerce placed the number in 1893 at about 600,000. Between these two authorities we put our estimate of 500,000 spindles. The cotton mills of Japan will never be able to spin from the native cotton very fine yarn. The cotton is not suitable for anything but for the spinning of coarse yarns.

NEVER GROW OLD.

Parts of the Physical System Which Never Wear Out.

In his work on the senile heart Dr. Balfour tells us that there are two parts of the hums 1 organism which, if wisely used, "largely escape senile failure. These two, says the Medical Record, are the brain and the heart. Persons who think have often wondered why brain workers, great statesmen and others, should continue to work with almost unimpaired mental activity and energy up to a period when most of the organs and functions of the body are in a condition of advanced senile decay. There is a physiological reason for this, and Dr. Balfour tells us what it is. The normal brain, he affirms, "remains vigorous to the last," and that "because its nutrition is especially provided for." About middle life, or a little later, the general arteries of the body begin to lose their elasticity and to slowly but surely dilate. They become, therefore, much less efficient carriers of the nutiment blood to the capillary areas. But this is not the case with the internal carotids, which supply the capillary areas of the brain. On the contrary, these large vessels, "continue to retain their pristine elasticity, so that the blood pressure remains normally higher than within the capillary area of any other organ in the body. The cerebral blood paths being thus kept open, the brain tissue is kept better nourished than the other tissues of the body."

A Wily Scotchman.

Was not this the retort courtsous? It was the custom in Scotch parishes for the minister to bow to the laird's pew before beginning his discourse. On one occasion the pew contained a bevy of ladies, and the minister, feeling a delicacy in the circumstances, omitted the usual salaam. When they next met the laird's daughter -a Miss Miller. widely famed for her beauty and afterward countess of Mar - rallied the minister for not bowing to her from the pulpit. "Your ladyship forgets," replied the minister, "that the worship of angels is not allowed by the Scotch

Absolutely Pure.

Art NEEDLE WORK.

A little Ohio girl was taught by her good mamma to pray regularly every day, but the requests made were the same night and morning, week in and examine her specimens of work.

A little Ohio girl was taught by her good mamma to pray regularly every day, but the requests made were the same night and morning, week in and examine her specimens of work.

Suggested a change for the next day,

MRS. BRONSON'S MISSION.

Will Try to Save the Female Outlaws of the West.

The Plucky Little Kansas Widow Will Try to Have a Number of Abuses in the Government Service Corrected Without Delay.

Mrs. Ruth Bronson, of Wichita, Kan., the philanthropic little widow who has taken upon herself the task of reclaiming the female outlaws of Oklahoma, has started for Philadelphia to secure the cooperation of eastern women in her work. She will appeal principally to societies of Quakers. She will also visit Attorney General Harmon to lay the case before him, as she claims that temale outlaws are made through the Tutt's Liver Pills hectoring of the army of deputy United States marshals that are continually riding the territory bunting for crim-inals. These men, she says, receive as compensation for their services the costs allowed by law, and it is therefore to their interest to make as many ar-rests as possible. When they cannot get the criminals they arrest their friends for harboring them or otherwise persecute them. The result is that young country girls frequently resist the officers and that act makes them outlaws. Once proclaimed outlaws they become desperate and not infrequently help the actual outlaws in order to spite the officers that have persecuted them. As evidence of this Mrs. Bronson says that female outlaws exist only where deputy United States marshals have the execution of the law. There are now seven female outlaws, or "female bandits" as they are called, in the federal jails of Oklahoma,

and twice as many at large hiding among sympathizers in remote places. Mand Clark, one of the latter, told her story to Mrs. Bronson, who lives at Woodward, and it was so touching that Mrs. Bronson decided to investigate several cases, and found all of them of similar origin, their trouble being traced directly to the hectoring tendencies of the deputy marshals. She proposes to expose the matter, or,



RUTH BRONSON, WHO IS TRYING TO RE CLAIM FEMALE OUTLAWS

she expresses it, to turn the search light on the government system of executing the law in Oklahoma.

"I am unknown," she said, "and therefore cannot do much, but I think I can interest the women of the east in the matter, and by their influence secure at least an investigation of the work of the deputy marshals."

Mrs. Bronson is a little woman with a good deal of "grit." She is educated and refined. She does not recommend religion as a means of reclaiming the outlaws. "They felt that they have been driven beyond the pale of the law by the deputies," she says, "and when they find out that the government will show an inclination to stop the prevailing method of breeding outlaws among the young women of Oklahoma they will then be reclaimed of their (wn desire, for none of them that I know is wicked by nature or inclination."

Gold from Cremated Rats.

It is said to be a common practice for the boys in watch and jewelry factories to kill the rats that infest the buildings and burn their bodies to obtain the gold. Many oiled rags are used in burnishing watch cases, and in time they become impregnated with gold. The rats eagerly devour these rags, and have a grand cremation. The rats are have a grand cremation. The rats are caught by the hundreds and burned in a crucible. The intense heat drives off all animal substances and leaves the gold in the shape of a button. The amount of the precious metal obtained in this way is not large, but it gives the ingenious youngsters considerable pocket money. In some factories young Napoleons of finance buy up in advance the shares of their fellow workers in the rat colony.

In the gentlest and happiest way, and with the greatest certainty known to medical science, GERMETUER removes from the system the symptoms named above, giving strength in place of weakness, joyous health in place of sickness.

There is no other remedy like it, and none that can do its work. And then it is a real pleasure to take it. Little children take it with delight, and it cures like magic. \$1.00; 6 for \$5.00. All druggists. the rat colony.

Animal Having the Most Teeth. The animal having the most teeth is the great armadillo of south, central and northern South America. It is a fact well known to most people that the normal or average number of teeth in mammals is 32, 16 above and the same number below. The great armadillo, however, is an exception, having from 92 to 100. He has from 24 to 26 in each side of the upper jaw, and from 22 to 24 in each side of the lower

to back, instead of from the root, and are wholly destitute of enamel. The Origin of Coal Beds.

jaw. Another peculiarity lies in the

fact that they are all molars or grind-

ers. They increase in size from front

Among the important announcements made by Prof. Huxley, and which created a stir among scientific men, was one that the coal beds of England were not formed, as previously supposed, chiefly from trunks of trees, but almost wholly from pollen of lycopodiums, tree ferns and other cryptogamous plants. He held that as there was no wind during the carboniferous period, the pollen fell annually in layers of almost even thickness. From these layers he made an estimate of the dura-tion of the carboniferous period, and

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constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,

NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you. For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

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Grand Closing Out Sale of Sebree & Evans, on S. ptember 26th, I895, ¾ of a mile west of



The following described property:

21 first-class work mules from \$ to 7 years old;
\$ combined mares \$ years old, past; 1 combined gelding, dark bay, \$ years old, past; 1 extra
suckling colt by Squirrel Denmark; 25 extra
steers from 100 to 1425 lbs; 25 extra nice high
grade steers from 1050 to 1560 lbs; 25 extra nice
high grade steers from 800 to 1000 lbs; 25 smooth
steers, (but plain.) from 800 to 1000; 25 butcher
cattle, mixed lot; 12 head of extra fine Jersey
heifers, not registered but all brec to registered bull; 9 high bred Jersey cows i om \$ to 4
years old, all safe in calf and all good milk
givers; 1 registered Je sey bull; 100 head of fat
hogs; 100 fat shoats; 20 brood sows; 1 extra
young boar; 50 head of nice sheep, all bred to
fine buck; 4 two-horse wagons, 3 four-horse
wagons; 1 nice top buggy; 1 new spring wagon;
4 double set of harness 21 pair of plow gear; 1
extra set of four-horse larness; 4 pair of twohorse wagon gear; 2 wagon saddles; 40 single
plows and double shovels; 5 three-horse plows;
1 disc cultivator; 2 disc harrows; 1 walking cultivator; 5 smoothing harrows; 5 two-horse
plows; 5 thribble trees; 30 single trees; 1 hay
rake; 2 good mowers; 4 binders, all in good
shape; 400 bushels of spring oats; 500 bushels of
winter oats; 75 tons of pure Timothy hay, all
under shock; large lot of corn; tobacco curers;
1 set of blacksmiths tools and many more arvicles too numerous to mention. In fact everything that it takes to run a first-class farm.

There shall not be any bye bidding on the
premises and everything shall be as represented.

Excursion rates on railroad—if they can be Excursion rates on railroad-if they can b

Terms of sale made known or day of sale.

No postponement on account of weather.

Come one, come all, and get a free barbeque dinner on the ground.

Sale to commence promptly at 2 o'clock.

SEBREE & EVANS.

Col. J. T. Evans.

Business Mgr.

Col. T. B. L. Hamilton, of Crawfordsville, Ind

Auctioneer.

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Or is it a case of lost appetite, want of energy, weakness, debility?

Are you nervous, restless, sleepless, worn out in body and in mind?

Have you pains in the bac. sips, side, head, arms, shoulders, chest?

Are you filled with mal-ria-sallow complexion, coated tongue, p ht sweats, dry cough, chills and fever?

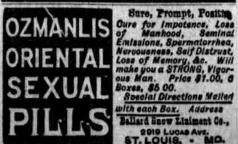
If any of these troubles are yours, the thing you need is DR. KING'S

ROYAL a few months of this kind of diet fills the interior mechanism of the rat with a gold plating. Twice a year the boys

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From now until September the 1st w will sell for cost. We have just taken stock and to make room for our Fall Goods everything goes. We invite everyone to cal and be convinced that this is no humbus advertisement, but

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_Mme. Fleurette Levy Mgr

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